

**IV Year - I Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

## **MECHATRONICS**

### **Course Objective**

The main objective of this course is to introduce the integrative nature of Mechatronics. To describe the different components and devices of mechatronics systems.

### **UNIT-I**

Mechatronics systems – elements & levels of mechatronics system, Mechatronics design process, system, measurement systems, control systems, microprocessor-based controllers, advantages and disadvantages of mechatronics systems. Sensors and transducers, types, displacement, position, proximity, velocity, motion, force, acceleration, torque, fluid pressure, liquid flow, liquid level, temperature and light sensors.

### **UNIT-II**

Solid state electronic devices - PN junction diode, BJT, FET, DIAC, TRIAC and LEDs. Analog signal conditioning, operational amplifiers, noise reduction, filtering.

### **UNIT-III**

Hydraulic and pneumatic actuating systems - Fluid systems, Hydraulic systems, and pneumatic systems, components, control valves, electro-pneumatic, hydro-pneumatic, electro-hydraulic servo systems. Mechanical actuating systems and electrical actuating systems – basic principles and elements.

### **UNIT-IV**

Digital electronics and systems, digital logic control, micro processors and micro controllers, programming, process controllers, programmable logic controllers, PLCs versus computers, application of PLCs for control.

### **UNIT-V**

System and interfacing and data acquisition – Data Acquisition Systems, Analog to Digital and Digital to Analog conversions; Digital Signal Processing – data flow in DSPs, block diagrams, typical layouts, Interfacing motor drives.

### **UNIT -VI**

Dynamic models and analogies, System response. Process Controllers – Digital Controllers, Programmable Logic Controllers, Design of mechatronics systems & future trends.

**Text Books:**

1. MECHATRONICS Integrated Mechanical Electronics Systems/KP Ramachandran, GK Vijaya Raghavan & MS Balasundaram/WILEY India Edition

**References:**

- 1 Mechatronics /Smaili A, Mrad F/ Oxford Higher Education, Oxford University Press
- 2 Mechatronics Source Book / Newton C Braga/Thomson Publications,Chennai.
- 3 Mechatronics – N. Shanmugam / Anuradha Agencies Publishers.
- 4 Mechatronics System Design / Devdas shetty/Richard/Thomson.
- 5 Mechatronics/M.D.Singh/J.G.Joshi/PHI.
- 6 Mechatronics – Electronic Control Systems in Mechanical and Electrical Engg. 4<sup>th</sup> Edition / W. Bolton/ Pearson, 2012
- 7 Mechatronics – Principles and Application / Godfrey C. Onwubolu/Elsevier, Indian print

**Course outcomes:**

After completion of this course, the student shall be able to use the various mechatronics systems devices and components in the design of electro mechanical systems.

**CAD/CAM**

**Course Objectives:**

The general objectives of the course are to enable the students to

1. Understand the basic fundamentals of computer aided design and manufacturing.
2. To learn 2D & 3D transformations of the basic entities like line, circle, ellipse etc
3. To understand the different geometric modeling techniques like solid modeling, surface modeling, feature based modeling etc. and to visualize how the components look like before its manufacturing or fabrication
4. To learn the part programming, importance of group technology, computer aided process planning, computer aided quality control
5. To learn the overall configuration and elements of computer integrated manufacturing systems.

**UNIT – I**

Computers in industrial manufacturing, product cycle, CAD / CAM Hardware, basic structure, CPU, memory types, input devices, display devices, hard copy devices, storage devices.

**COMPUTER GRAPHICS:** Raster scan graphics coordinate system, database structure for graphics modeling, transformation of geometry, 3D transformations, mathematics of projections, clipping, hidden surface removal.

**UNIT – II**

**GEOMETRIC MODELING:** Requirements, geometric models, geometric construction models, curve representation methods, surface representation methods, modeling facilities desired.

**DRAFTING AND MODELING SYSTEMS:** Basic geometric commands, layers, display control commands, editing, dimensioning, solid modelling.

**UNIT – III**

**PART PROGRAMMING FOR NC MACHINES:** NC, NC modes, NC elements, CNC machine tools, structure of CNC machine tools, features of Machining center, turning center, CNC Part Programming: fundamentals, manual part programming methods, Computer Aided Part Programming. Direct Numerical Control, Adaptive Control.

**UNIT – IV**

**GROUP TECHNOLOGY:** Part family, coding and classification, production flow analysis, types and advantages. Computer aided processes planning – importance, types. FMS-Introduction, Equipment, Tool management systems, Layouts, FMS Control

**UNIT – V**

**COMPUTER AIDED QUALITY CONTROL:** Terminology used in quality control, use of computers in Quality control. Inspection methods- contact and noncontact types, computer aided testing, integration of CAQC with CAD/CAM.

## **UNIT – VI**

**COMPUTER INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS:** Types of manufacturing systems, machine tools and related equipment, material handling systems, material requirement planning, computer control systems, human labor in manufacturing systems, CIMS benefits.

### **Text Books:**

1. CAD / CAM Principles and Applications/PN Rao / McGraw-Hill
2. Automation, Production systems & Computer integrated Manufacturing/ M.P. Groover/Pearson Education

### **References:**

1. Mastering CAD / CAM / Ibrahim Zeid / McGraw-Hill
2. Principles of Computer Aided Design and Manufacturing / Farid Amirouche / Pearson
3. Computer Numerical Control Concepts and programming / Warren S Seames / Thomson learning, Inc
4. Product manufacturing and cost estimation using CAD/CAE/ Kuang Hua Chang/Elsevier Publishers

### **Course Outcome:**

At the end of the course the students shall be able to:

1. Describe the mathematical basis in the technique of representation of geometric entities including points, lines, and parametric curves, surfaces and solid, and the technique of transformation of geometric entities using transformation matrix
2. Describe the use of GT and CAPP for the product development
3. Identify the various elements and their activities in the Computer Integrated Manufacturing Systems.

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## **FINITE ELEMENT METHODS**

### **Course Objectives:**

1. To learn basic principles of finite element analysis procedure
2. To learn the theory and characteristics of finite elements that represent engineering structures
3. To learn and apply finite element solutions to structural, thermal, dynamic problem to develop the knowledge and skills needed to effectively evaluate finite element analyses performed by others
4. Learn to model complex geometry problems and solution techniques.

### **UNIT-I**

Introduction to finite element method, stress and equilibrium, strain – displacement relations, stress – strain relations, plane stress and plane strain conditions, variational and weighted residual methods, concept of potential energy, one dimensional problems.

### **UNIT – II**

Discretization of domain, element shapes, discretization procedures, assembly of stiffness matrix, band width, node numbering, mesh generation, interpolation functions, local and global coordinates, convergence requirements, treatment of boundary conditions.

### **UNIT – III**

Analysis of Trusses: Finite element modelling, coordinates and shape functions, assembly of global stiffness matrix and load vector, finite element equations, treatment of boundary conditions, stress, strain and support reaction calculations. Analysis of Beams: Element stiffness matrix for Hermite beam element, derivation of load vector for concentrated and UDL, simple problems on beams.

### **UNIT – IV**

Finite element modelling of two dimensional stress analysis with constant strain triangles and treatment of boundary conditions, formulation of axisymmetric problems.

### **UNIT-V**

Higher order and isoparametric elements: One dimensional quadratic and cubic elements in natural coordinates, two dimensional four noded isoparametric elements and numerical integration.

### **UNIT – VI**

Steady state heat transfer analysis : one dimensional analysis of a fin and two dimensional analysis of thin plate, analysis of a uniform shaft subjected to torsion. Dynamic Analysis: Formulation of finite element model, element consistent and lumped mass matrices, evaluation of eigen values and eigen vectors, free vibration analysis.

**Text Books:**

1. The Finite Element Methods in Engineering / SS Rao / Pergamon.

**References:**

1. Finite Element Method with applications in Engineering / YM Desai, Eldho & Shah /Pearson publishers
2. An introduction to Finite Element Method / JN Reddy / McGraw Hill
3. The Finite Element Method for Engineers – Kenneth H. Huebner, Donald L. Dewhirst, Douglas E. Smith and Ted G. Byrom / John Wiley & sons (ASIA) Pte Ltd.
4. Finite Element Analysis: Theory and Application with Ansys, Saeed Moaveniu, Pearson Education
5. Finite Element Methods / Chen
6. Finite Element Analysis: for students & Practicing Engineers / G.Lakshmi Narasaiah / BSP Books Pvt. Ltd.

**Course outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of this course you should be able to:

1. Understand the concepts behind variational methods and weighted residual methods in FEM
2. Identify the application and characteristics of FEA elements such as bars, beams, plane and isoparametric elements, and 3-D element .
3. Develop element characteristic equation procedure and generation of global stiffness equation will be applied.
4. Able to apply Suitable boundary conditions to a global structural equation, and reduce it to a solvable form.
5. Able to identify how the finite element method expands beyond the structural domain, for problems involving dynamics, heat transfer, and fluid flow.

**POWER PLANT ENGINEERING****Course Objectives:**

The course is aimed at providing knowledge of power generation through different prime movers viz steam, ICGT, Hydro, nuclear and hybrid systems along with their economics and environmental considerations.

**UNIT – I**

Introduction to the sources of energy – resources and development of power in india.

**STEAM POWER PLANT:** Plant layout, working of different circuits, fuel and handling equipments, types of coals, coal handling, choice of handling equipment, coal storage, ash handling systems. Combustion: properties of coal – overfeed and underfeed fuel beds, traveling grate stokers, spreader stokers, retort stokers, pulverized fuel burning system and its components, combustion needs and draught system, cyclone furnace, design and construction, dust collectors, cooling towers and heat rejection. corrosion and feed water treatment.

**UNIT – II****INTERNAL COMBUSTION AND GAS TURBINE POWER PLANTS:**

**DIESEL POWER PLANT:** Plant layout with auxiliaries – fuel supply system, air starting equipment, super charging.

**GAS TURBINE PLANT:** Introduction – classification - construction – layout with auxiliaries, combined cycle power plants and comparison.

**UNIT – III**

**HYDRO ELECTRIC POWER PLANT:** Water power – hydrological cycle / flow measurement – drainage area characteristics – hydrographs – storage and pondage – classification of dams and spill ways.

**HYDRO PROJECTS AND PLANT:** Classification – typical layouts – plant auxiliaries – plant operation pumped storage plants.

**UNIT – IV**

**NUCLEAR POWER STATION:** Nuclear fuel – breeding and fertile materials – nuclear reactor – reactor operation.

**TYPES OF REACTORS:** Pressurized water reactor, boiling water reactor, sodium-graphite reactor, fast breeder reactor, homogeneous reactor, gas cooled reactor, radiation hazards and shielding – radioactive waste disposal.

**UNIT – V**

**COMBINED OPERATIONS OF DIFFERENT POWER PLANTS:** Introduction, advantages of combined working, load division between power stations, storage type hydro-electric plant in combination with steam plant, run-of-river plant in combination with steam plant, pump storage plant in combination with steam or nuclear power plant, co-ordination of hydro-electric and gas turbine stations, co-ordination of hydro-electric and nuclear power stations, co-ordination of different types of power plants.

**POWER PLANT INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROL:** Importance of measurement and instrumentation in power plant, measurement of water purity, gas analysis, O<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> measurements, measurement of smoke and dust, measurement of moisture in carbon dioxide circuit, nuclear measurements.

## **UNIT – VI**

**POWER PLANT ECONOMICS AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS:** Capital cost, investment of fixed charges, operating costs, general arrangement of power distribution, load curves, load duration curve, definitions of connected load, maximum demand, demand factor, average load, load factor, diversity factor – related exercises. effluents from power plants and Impact on environment – pollutants and pollution standards – methods of pollution control.

### **Text Books:**

1. A course in Power Plant Engineering /Arora and Domkundwar/Dhanpatrai & Co.
2. Power Plant Engineering /P.C.Sharma / S.K.Kataria Pub

### **References:**

1. Power Plant Engineering: P.K.Nag/ II Edition /TMH.
2. Power station Engineering – ElWakil / McGrawHill.
3. An Introduction to Power Plant Technology / G.D. Rai/Khanna Publishers

### **Course outcomes:**

After undergoing this course the student can understand various conventional methods of power generation and principle of operation and performance of respective prime movers along with their economics and their impact on environment.



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## COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS

(ELECTIVE – I)

### Course Objectives:

The course aims at providing required numerical and software techniques for solving various engineering problems involving fluid flow.

### UNIT-I

**ELEMENTARY DETAILS IN NUMERICAL TECHNIQUES:** Number system and errors, representation of integers, fractions, floating point arithmetic, loss of significance and error propagation, condition and instability, computational methods for error estimation, convergence of sequences.

### UNIT – II

**APPLIED NUMERICAL METHODS:** Solution of a system of simultaneous linear algebraic equations, iterative schemes of matrix inversion, direct methods for matrix inversion, direct methods for banded matrices.

**REVIEW OF EQUATIONS GOVERNING FLUID FLOW AND HEAT TRANSFER:** Introduction, conservation of mass, Newton's second law of motion, expanded forms of Navier-Stokes equations, conservation of energy principle, special forms of the Navier-Stokes equations.

### UNIT – III

Steady flow, dimensionless form of momentum and energy equations, Stokes equation, conservative body force fields, stream function - vorticity formulation.

Finite difference applications in heat conduction and convection – heat conduction, steady heat conduction in a rectangular geometry, transient heat conduction, finite difference application in convective heat transfer, closure.

### UNIT – IV

Finite differences, discretization, consistency, stability, and fundamentals of fluid flow modelling: introduction, elementary finite difference quotients, implementation aspects of finite-difference equations, consistency, explicit and implicit methods.

### UNIT – V

Introduction to first order wave equation, stability of hyperbolic and elliptic equations, fundamentals of fluid flow modelling, conservative property, the upwind scheme.

### UNIT –VI

**FINITE VOLUME METHOD:** Approximation of surface integrals, volume integrals, interpolation and differentiation practices, upwind interpolation, linear interpolation and quadratic interpolation.

**Text Books:**

1. Numerical heat transfer and fluid flow / Suhas V. Patankar/Butter-worth Publishers
2. Computational fluid dynamics - Basics with applications /John. D. Anderson / Mc Graw Hill.

**References:**

1. Computational Fluid Flow and Heat Transfer/ Niyogi/Pearson Publications
2. Fundamentals of Computational Fluid Dynamics /Tapan K. Sengupta / Universities Press.
3. Computational fluid dynamics: An introduction, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition/John.F Wendt/Springer publishers

**Course Outcomes:**

After undergoing the course the student shall be able to apply various numerical tools like finite volume, finite difference etc for solving the different fluid flow heat transfer problems.

# CONDITION MONITORING

## (ELECTIVE – I)

### Course Objectives:

- This course is designed to introduce the benefits and opportunities of health Monitoring and covers a range of techniques
- The students will be exposed to a range of techniques from Vibration based methods, Thermography, Oil conditions, Debris and ultrasonic monitoring
- Using overall vibration, vibration limit zones, broadband vibration bandwidth, alert levels, typical severity guidelines, recording overall vibration, using overall vibration for fault finding, trending overall vibration.
- Identifying Resonance, Hammer Test, Self Excitation, Exciter Testing. Reducing Resonance - Effects of Frequency, Stiffness, Mass, Damping, Isolation

### UNIT-I

**BASICS OF VIBRATION:** Basic motion: amplitudes, period, frequency, basic parameters: displacement, velocity, acceleration, units (including dB scales) and conversions, Mass, spring and damper concept, Introduction to SDOF and MDOF systems, Natural frequencies and resonance, Forced response.

### UNIT-II

**VIBRATION MEASUREMENTS AND ANALYSIS:** Transducers and mounting methods, data acquisition using instrumentation recorders/data loggers, time domain signal analysis, orbit analysis, Filters, Frequency domain analysis (Narrow band FFT analysis), Nyquist criteria, Sampling, aliasing, windowing and averaging.

**VIBRATION MEASUREMENT AND ANALYSIS:** Use of phase; bode, polar and water fall plots, constant percentage band width analysis (1/3 and 1/1 Octave analysis), envelope detection /spike energy analysis, cepstral analysis, advances in analysis (PC based and portable instruments for vibration analysis).

### UNIT-III

Fault Diagnosis, Interpreting vibration measurements for common machine faults , imbalance, misalignment, mechanical looseness, bearing and gearing faults, faults in induction motors, resonances, some case studies, static and dynamic balancing, international standards for vibration condition monitoring.

### UNIT-IV

**THERMOGRAPHY:** The basics of infrared thermography, differences in equipment and specific wave length limitations, application of ir to: electrical inspection, mechanical inspection, energy conservation, how to take good thermal images, hands-on demonstrations focusing on proper camera settings and image interpretation, analysis of thermal images and report generation, study of thermo graphy applications

### UNIT-V

**OIL AND WEAR DEBRIS ANALYSIS:** Basics of oil analysis, monitoring condition of oil, lubricant analysis, physio – chemical properties, moisture, tan tbn, wear debris analysis, particle counting, spectroscopy, uses & limitations, ferrography wear particle analysis, concept of ferrography, principle particle classification, size, shape, composition, concentration, analysis procedure, sampling & analytical ferrography equipments, severity rating.

## **UNIT-VI**

**ULTRASONIC MONITORING AND ANALYSIS:** Ultrasonic monitoring (leak, crack and thickness) basics of ultrasonic monitoring , ultrasonic theory, test taking philosophy, ultrasonic theory, mathematics of ultrasound, equipment and transducers, inspection parameters and calibration, immersion theory, equipment quality control, flaw origins and inspection methods, UT Procedure familiarization, and study recommendations, application of ultrasound to: air leaks, steam trap testing, bearing lubrication, electrical inspection, case studies.

### **Text Books:**

1. The Vibration Analysis Handbook/J I Taylor (1994)/Vibration consultants Incorporate Publishers
2. Machinery Vibration Condition Monitoring/Lynn/Butterworth(1989)

### **References:**

1. Machinery Vibration: Measurement and Analysis/Victor Wowk/Mc GrawHill Professional
2. Mechanical fault diagnosis and condition monitoring/RA Collacott(1977) /Chapman and Hall
3. The Vibration Monitoring Handbook/Charles W Reeves/Coxmoor publishing company

### **Course outcomes:**

- Gaining invaluable insights into the benefits of Condition Monitoring
- Understanding the reasons for selecting particular maintenance strategies
- Understanding effective methodologies for implementing Condition Monitoring Techniques
- Identifying the optimum maintenance strategy for different types of equipment
- Gaining practical approaches to minimize the risk of plant and machinery breakdowns
- Awareness of International Standards covering asset management

# ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING

## (ELECTIVE – I)

### Course Objectives:

The course aims at the importance of Additive Manufacturing, classifications, models, specifications of various Additive Manufacturing Techniques. To learn the different tools, soft-wares required and the applications of Additive Manufacturing.

### UNIT – I

**INTRODUCTION:** Prototyping fundamentals, historical development, fundamentals of rapid prototyping, advantages and limitations of rapid prototyping, commonly used terms, classification of RP process.

**LIQUID-BASED RAPID PROTOTYPING SYSTEMS:** Stereo lithography Apparatus (SLA): models and specifications, process, working principle, photopolymers, photo polymerization, layering technology, laser and laser scanning, applications, advantages and disadvantages, case studies. Solid Ground Curing (SGC): models and specifications, process, working principle, applications, advantages and disadvantages, case studies.

### UNIT-II

**SOLID-BASED RAPID PROTOTYPING SYSTEMS:** Laminated object manufacturing (LOM) - models and specifications, process, working principle, applications, advantages and disadvantages, case studies. Fused deposition modelling (FDM) - models and specifications, process, working principle, applications, advantages and disadvantages, case studies.

### UNIT – III

**POWDER BASED RAPID PROTOTYPING SYSTEMS:** Selective laser sintering (SLS): models and specifications, process, working principle, applications, advantages and disadvantages, case studies. three dimensional printing (3DP): models and specifications, process, working principle, applications, advantages and disadvantages, case studies.

### UNIT-IV

**RAPID TOOLING:** Introduction to rapid tooling (RT), conventional tooling Vs RT, Need for RT. rapid tooling classification: indirect rapid tooling methods: spray metal deposition, RTV epoxy tools, Ceramic tools, investment casting, spin casting, die casting, sand casting, 3D Keltool process. Direct rapid tooling: direct AIM, LOM Tools, DTM Rapid Tool Process, EOS Direct Tool Process and Direct Metal Tooling using 3DP.

### UNIT – V

**RAPID PROTOTYPING DATA FORMATS:** STL Format, STL File Problems, consequence of building valid and invalid tessellated models, STL file Repairs: Generic Solution, other Translators, Newly Proposed Formats.

**RAPID PROTOTYPING SOFTWARE'S:** Features of various RP software's like Magics, Mimics, Solid View, View Expert, 3 D View, Velocity 2, Rhino, STL View 3 Data Expert and 3 D doctor.

## **UNIT –VI**

**RP APPLICATIONS:** Application in engineering, analysis and planning, aerospace industry, automotive industry, jewelry industry, coin industry, GIS application, arts and architecture. RP medical and bioengineering applications: planning and simulation of complex surgery, customized implants & prosthesis, design and production of medical devices, forensic science and anthropology, visualization of bimolecular.

### **Text Books:**

1. Rapid prototyping: Principles and Applications /Chua C.K., Leong K.F. and LIM C.S/World Scientific publications

### **References:**

1. Rapid Manufacturing / D.T. Pham and S.S. Dimov/Springer
2. Wohlers Report 2000 /Terry T Wohlers/Wohlers Associates
3. Rapid Prototyping & Manufacturing / Paul F.Jacobs/ASME Press
4. Rapid Prototyping / Chua & Liou

### **Course Outcomes:**

The student shall be able to identify the use of Rapid Prototyping Techniques in the manufacturing of complex components that are otherwise very difficult to manufacture.

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**ADVANCED MATERIALS**  
**(ELECTIVE – II)**

**Course Objectives**

The objective for this course is to understand the mechanics of different materials. This understanding will include concepts such as anisotropic material behaviour, constituent properties and manufacturing processes of different composites. Suitability of smart and nano materials for engineering applications.

**UNIT-I**

**INTRODUCTION TO COMPOSITE MATERIALS:** Introduction, classification: polymer matrix composites, metal matrix composites, ceramic matrix composites, carbon-carbon composites, fiber-reinforced composites and nature-made composites, and applications .

**REINFORCEMENTS:** Fibres- glass, silica, kevlar, carbon, boron, silicon carbide, and boron carbide fibres.

**UNIT-II**

Polymer composites, thermoplastics, thermosetting plastics, manufacturing of PMC, MMC & CCC and their applications.

**UNIT-III**

**MANUFACTURING METHODS:** Autoclave, tape production, moulding methods, filament winding, hand layup, pultrusion, RTM.

**UNIT-IV**

**MACROMECHANICAL ANALYSIS OF A LAMINA:** Introduction, generalized Hooke's law, reduction of Hooke's law in three dimensions to two dimensions, relationship of compliance and stiffness matrix to engineering elastic constants of an orthotropic lamina, laminate-laminate code.

**UNIT-V**

**FUNCTIONALLY GRADED MATERIALS:** Types of functionally graded materials-classification-different systems-preparation-properties and applications of functionally graded materials.

**SHAPE MEMORY ALLOYS:** Introduction-shape memory effect-classification of shape memory alloys-composition-properties and applications of shape memory alloys.

**UNIT-VI**

**NANO MATERIALS:** Introduction-properties at nano scales-advantages & disadvantages-applications in comparison with bulk materials (nano – structure, wires, tubes, composites). state of art nano advanced- topic delivered by student.

**Text Books:**

1. Nano material /A.K. Bandyopadhyay/New age Publishers
2. Material science and Technology: A comprehensive treatment/Robert W.Cahn,/VCH
3. Engineering Mechanics of Composite Materials / Isaac and M Daniel/Oxford University Press

**References:**

1. Mechanics of Composite Materials / R. M. Jones/ Mc Graw Hill Company, New York, 1975.
2. Analysis of Laminated Composite Structures / L. R. Calcote/Van Nostrand Reinhold,NY 1969
3. Analysis and performance of fibre Composites /B. D. Agarwal and L. J. Broutman /Wiley-Interscience, New York, 1980
4. Mechanics of Composite Materials - Second Edition (Mechanical Engineering) /Autar K.Kaw / CRC Press



## **DESIGN FOR MANUFACTURE (ELECTIVE – II)**

### **Course Objectives:**

1. Understand the design rules and considerations with reference to various manufacturing processes
2. To discuss capabilities and limitations of each manufacturing process in relation to part design and cost
3. To examine DFM principles including how the design affects manufacturing cost, lean manufacturing, six sigma, etc.

### **UNIT - I**

**Introduction:** Design philosophy-steps in design process-general design rules for manufacturability-basic principles of designing for economical production-creativity in design. Design for the life cycle total product life of consumer goods-design considerations.

### **UNIT – II**

**Machining processes:** Overview of various machining processes-general design rules for machining-dimensional tolerance and surface roughness-Design for machining – ease –redesigning of components for machining ease with suitable examples. General design recommendations for machined parts.

### **UNIT - III**

**Metal casting:** Appraisal of various casting processes, selection of casting process,-general design considerations for casting-casting tolerance-use of solidification, simulation in casting design-product design rules for sand casting.

### **UNIT – IV**

**Metal joining:** Appraisal of various welding processes, factors in design of weldments – general design guidelines-pre and post treatment of welds-effects of thermal stresses in weld joints-design of brazed joints. Forging: Design factors for forging – closed die forging design – parting lines of dies – drop forging die design – general design recommendations.

### **UNIT – V**

**Extrusion & Sheet metal work:** Design guide lines extruded sections-design principles for punching, blanking, bending, deep drawing-Keeler Goodman forging line diagram – component design for blanking.

### **UNIT – VI**

**Plastics:** Visco elastic and creep behavior in plastics-design guidelines for plastic components-design considerations for injection moulding – design guidelines for machining and joining of plastics.

**Text Books:**

1. Design for manufacture / John cobert / Adisson Wesley. 1995
2. Design for Manufacture / Boothroyd/CRC Press
3. Design for manufacture/ James Bralla/McGrawHill Edition

**Reference:**

1. ASM Hand book Vol.20

**Course outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Design components for machining
2. Simulate the casting design and choose the best casting process for a specific product.
3. Evaluate the effect of thermal stresses in weld joints
4. Design components for sheet metal work by understanding in depth the sheet metal processes and their formation mechanisms
5. Design plastic components for machining and joining and selecting a proper processes for different joining cases

## **GAS DYNAMICS AND JET PROPULSION**

### **(ELECTIVE – II)**

#### **Course objectives:**

The purpose of this course is to provide the student with the knowledge of basic principles of gas dynamics and its importance in jet propulsion applications.

#### **UNIT-I**

Introduction to gas dynamics: control volume and system approaches acoustic waves and sonic velocity - mach number - classification of fluid flow based on mach number - mach cone-compressibility factor - general features of one dimensional flow of a compressible fluid - continuity and momentum equations for a control volume.

#### **UNIT-II**

Isentropic flow of an ideal gas: basic equation - stagnation enthalpy, temperature, pressure and density-stagnation, acoustic speed - critical speed of sound- dimensionless velocity-governing equations for isentropic flow of a perfect gas - critical flow area - stream thrust and impulse function.

Steady one dimensional isentropic flow with area change-effect of area change on flow parameters- choking-convergent nozzle - performance of a nozzle under decreasing back pressure -De laval nozzle - optimum area ratio effect of back pressure - nozzle discharge coefficients - nozzle efficiencies.

#### **UNIT- III**

Simple frictional flow: adiabatic flow with friction in a constant area duct-governing equations - fanno line limiting conditions - effect of wall friction on flow properties in an Isothermal flow with friction in a constant area duct-governing equations - limiting conditions.

Steady one dimensional flow with heat transfer in constant area ducts- governing equations - Rayleigh line entropy change caused by heat transfer - conditions of maximum enthalpy and entropy.

#### **UNIT-IV**

Effect of heat transfer on flow parameters: Intersection of Fanno and Rayleigh lines. Shock waves in perfect gas-properties of flow across a normal shock - governing equations - Rankine Hugoniat equations - Prandtl's velocity relationship - converging diverging nozzle flow with shock thickness - shock strength.

#### **UNIT- V**

Propulsion: Air craft propulsion: - types of jet engines - energy flow through jet engines, thrust, thrust power and propulsive efficiency turbojet components-diffuser, compressor, combustion chamber, turbines, exhaust systems.

#### **UNIT-VI**

Performance of turbo propeller engines, ramjet and pulsejet, scramjet engines. Rocket propulsion - rocket engines, Basic theory of equations - thrust equation - effective jet velocity - specific impulse - rocket engine performance - solid and liquid propellant rockets - comparison of various propulsion systems.

**Text Books:**

1. Compressible fluid flow /A. H. Shapiro / Ronald Press Co., 1953
2. Fundamentals of compressible flow with aircraft and rocket propulsion/S. M. Yahya/New Age international Publishers
3. Fundamental of Gas dynamics-2<sup>nd</sup> edition/ M J Zucker/ Wiley publishers

**References:**

1. Elements of gas dynamics / HW Liepman & A Roshko/Wiley
2. Aircraft & Missile propulsion /MJ Zucrow/Wiley
3. Gas dynamics / M.J. Zucrow & Joe D.Holfman / Krieger Publishers

**Course outcomes:**

Up on successful completion of this course the student should be able to analyze the gas flow in different situations with and without friction, with and without heat transfer in particular jet propulsion and rocket engineering applications.

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### CAD/CAM LAB

#### Course Objectives:

1. To impart the fundamental knowledge on using various analytical tools like ANSYS, FLUENT, etc., for Engineering Simulation
  2. To know various fields of engineering where these tools can be effectively used to improve the output of a product.
  3. To impart knowledge on how these tools are used in Industries by solving some real time problems using these tools..
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1. **DRAFTING:** Development of part drawings for various components in the form of orthographic and isometric representation of dimensioning and tolerances scanning and plotting. study of script, DXE and IGES files.
  2. **PART MODELING:** Generation of various 3D models through protrusion, revolve, shell sweep. creation of various features. study of parent child relation. feature based and boolean based modelling surface and assembly modelling. study of various standard translators. design simple components.
  3. a). Determination of deflection and stresses in 2D and 3D trusses and beams.  
b). Determination of deflections component and principal and Von-mises stresses in plane stress, plane strain and Axisymmetric components.  
c). Determination of stresses in 3D and shell structures (at least one example in each case)  
d). Estimation of natural frequencies and mode shapes, Harmonic response of 2D beam.  
e). Steady state heat transfer Analysis of plane and Axisymmetric components.
  4. a). Study of various post processors used in NC Machines.  
b). Machining of simple components on NC lathe and Mill by transferring NC Code / from a CAM package. Through RS 232.  
c). Practice on CNC Sinutrain Turning  
d). Practice on CNC Sinutrain Milling  
e). CNC programming for turned components using FANUC Controller  
f). CNC programming for milled components using FANUC Controller  
g). Automated CNC Tool path & G-Code generation using Pro/E/MasterCAM

#### Packages to be provided to cater to drafting, modeling & analysis from the following:

CATIA, Pro-E, I-DEAS, ANSYS, NISA, CAEFEM, Gibbs CAM, Master CAM etc.

#### Course outcomes:

Upon successful completion of this course student should be able to:

1. The student will be able to appreciate the utility of the tools like ANSYS or FLUENT in solving real time problems and day to day problems.
2. Use of these tools for any engineering and real time applications
3. Acquire knowledge on utilizing these tools for a better project in their curriculum as well as they will be prepared to handle industry problems with confidence when it matters to use these tools in their Employment

IV Year - I Semester

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>

### MECHATRONICS LAB

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1 Measure load, displacement and temperature using analogue and digital sensors.
- 2 Develop PLC programs for control of traffic lights, water level, lifts and conveyor belts.
- 3 Simulate and analyse PID controllers for a physical system using MATLAB.
- 4 Develop pneumatic and hydraulic circuits using Automaton studio.

### List of Experiments

1. DYNA 1750 Transducers Kit :-
  - a. Characteristics of LVDT
  - b. Principle & Characteristics of Strain Gauge
  - c. Characteristics of Summing Amplifier
  - d. Characteristics of Reflective Opto Transducer
2. PLC PROGRAMMING
  - a. Ladder programming on Logic gates ,Timers & counters
  - b. Ladder Programming for digital & Analogy sensors
  - c. Ladder programming for Traffic Light control, Water level control and Lift control Modules
3. AUTOMATION STUDIO software
  - a. Introduction to Automation studio & its control
  - b. Draw & Simulate the Hydraulic circuit for series & parallel cylinders connection
  - c. Draw & Simulate Meter-in, Meter-out and hydraulic press and clamping.
4. MATLAB Programming
  - a. Sample programmes on Matlab
  - b. Simulation and analysis of PID controller using SIMULINK

**IV Year - II Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

## **PRODUCTION PLANNING AND CONTROL**

### **Course objectives:**

This subject provides students with

1. An understanding of the concepts of production and service systems;
2. The ability to apply principles and techniques in the design, planning and control of these systems to optimise/make best use of resources in achieving their objectives.
3. Identify different strategies employed in manufacturing and service industries to plan production and control inventory.
4. Measure the effectiveness, identify likely areas for improvement, develop and implement improved planning and control methods for production systems.

### **UNIT – I**

Introduction: Definition – objectives and functions of production planning and control – elements of production control – types of production – organization of production planning and control department – internal organization of department.

### **UNIT – II**

Forecasting – importance of forecasting – types of forecasting, their uses – general principles of forecasting – forecasting techniques – qualitative methods and quantitative methods.

### **UNIT – III**

Inventory management – functions of inventories – relevant inventory costs – ABC analysis – VED analysis – EOQ model – Inventory control systems – P-Systems and Q-Systems Introduction to MRP I, MRP II, ERP, LOB (Line of Balance), JIT and KANBAN system.

### **UNIT – IV**

Routing – definition – routing procedure – route sheets – bill of material – factors affecting routing procedure, schedule – definition – difference with loading

### **UNIT – V**

Scheduling policies – techniques, standard scheduling methods.  
Line Balancing, aggregate planning, chase planning, expediting, controlling aspects.

### **UNIT – VI**

Dispatching – activities of dispatcher – dispatching procedure – follow up – definition – reason for existence of functions – types of follow up, applications of computer in production planning and control.

### **Text Books:**

1. Elements of Production Planning and Control / Samuel Eilon/Universal Book Corp.
2. Manufacturing, Planning and Control/Partik Jonsson Stig-Arne Mattsson/TataMcGrawHill

### **References:**

1. Inventory Control Theory and Practice / Martin K. Starr and David W. Miller/Prentice-Hall
2. Production Planning and Control/Mukhopadhyay/PHI.
3. Production Control A Quantitative Approach / John E. Biegel/Prentice-Hall
4. Production Control / Franklin G Moore & Ronald Jablonski/ Mc-GrawHill
5. Production and Operations Management/Shailendra Kale/McGraw Hill
6. Production and Operations Management/Ajay K Garg/McGraw Hill

IV Year - II Semester

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

## UNCONVENTIONAL MACHINING PROCESSES

### Course Objectives:

- The course aims in identifying the classification of unconventional machining processes.
- To understand the principle, mechanism of metal removal of various unconventional machining processes.
- To study the various process parameters and their effect on the component machined on various unconventional machining processes.
- To understand the applications of different processes.

### UNIT – I

**INTRODUCTION:** Need for non-traditional machining methods-classification of modern machining processes – considerations in process selection, applications.

**Ultrasonic machining** – Elements of the process, mechanics of material removal, MRR process parameters, economic considerations, applications and limitations.

### UNIT – II

**ELECTRO – CHEMICAL MACHINING:** Fundamentals of electro chemical machining, electrochemical grinding, electro chemical honing and deburring process, metal removal rate in ECM, Tool design, Surface finish and accuracy, economic aspects of ECM – Simple problems for estimation of metal removal rate, fundamentals of chemical, machining, advantages and applications.

### UNIT - III

**THERMAL METAL REMOVAL PROCESSES:** General principle and applications of Electric Discharge Machining, Electric Discharge Grinding and wire EDM – Power circuits for EDM, Mechanics of metal removal in EDM, Process parameters, selection of tool electrode and dielectric fluids, surface finish and machining accuracy, characteristics of spark eroded surface

### UNIT – VI

Electron Beam Machining, Laser Beam Machining - Basic principle and theory, mechanics of material removal, process parameters, efficiency & accuracy, applications

### UNIT-V

**Plasma Machining:** Application of plasma for machining, metal removal mechanism, process parameters, accuracy and surface finish and other applications of plasma in manufacturing industries.

### UNIT – VI

Abrasive jet machining, Water jet machining and abrasive water jet machining: Basic principles, equipments, process variables, mechanics of material removal, MRR, application and limitations, agnetic abrasive finishing, abrasive flow finishing, Electrostream drilling, shaped tube electrolytic machining.



**Text Books:**

1. Fundamentals of Machining Processes-Conventional and non – conventional processes/Hassan Abdel – Gawad El-Hafy/CRC Press-2016.

**References:**

1. Modern Machining Process / Pandey P.C. and Shah H.S./ TMH.
2. New Technology / Bhattacharya A/ the Institution of Engineers, India 1984.
3. Non Traditional Manufacturing Processes / Benedict /

**Course outcomes:**

After completion of course, the student shall understand the principle of working, mechanism of metal removal in the various unconventional machining process. The student is able to identify the process parameters, their effect and applications of different processes.

## **AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING**

### **Course Objectives:**

The course imparts the principles of automobile systems and provides the salient features of safety, emission and service of automobiles.

### **UNIT – I**

**INTRODUCTION:** Components of four wheeler automobile – chassis and body – power unit – power transmission – rear wheel drive, front wheel drive, 4 wheel drive – types of automobile engines, engine construction, turbo charging and super charging – engine lubrication, splash and pressure lubrication systems, oil filters, oil pumps – crank case ventilation – engine service, reborning, decarbonisation, Nitriding of crank shaft.

### **UNIT – II**

**TRANSMISSION SYSTEM:** Clutches, principle, types, cone clutch, single plate clutch, multi plate clutch, magnetic and centrifugal clutches, fluid fly wheel – gear boxes, types, sliding mesh, construct mesh, synchro mesh gear boxes, epicyclic gear box, over drive torque converter. propeller shaft – Hotch – Kiss drive, Torque tube drive, universal joint, differential rear axles – types – wheels and tyres.

### **UNIT – III**

**STEERING SYSTEM:** Steering geometry – camber, castor, king pin rake, combined angle toein, center point steering. types of steering mechanism – Ackerman steering mechanism, Davis steering mechanism, steering gears – types, steering linkages.

### **UNIT – IV**

**SUSPENSION SYSTEM:** Objects of suspension systems – rigid axle suspension system, torsion bar, shock absorber, Independent suspension system.

**BRAKING SYSTEM:** Mechanical brake system, hydraulic brake system, master cylinder, wheel cylinder tandem master cylinder requirement of brake fluid, pneumatic and vacuum brakes.

**ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:** Charging circuit, generator, current – voltage regulator – starting system, bendix drive mechanism solenoid switch, lighting systems, horn, wiper, fuel gauge – oil pressure gauge, engine temperature indicator etc.

### **UNIT – V**

**ENGINE SPECIFICATION AND SAFETY SYSTEMS:** Introduction- engine specifications with regard to power, speed, torque, no. of cylinders and arrangement, lubrication and cooling etc.

Safety: Introduction, safety systems - seat belt, air bags, bumper, anti lock brake system (ABS), wind shield, suspension sensors, traction control, mirrors, central locking and electric windows, speed control.

## **UNIT – VI**

**ENGINE EMISSION CONTROL:** Introduction – types of pollutants, mechanism of formation, concentration measurement, methods of controlling-engine modification, exhaust gas treatment-thermal and catalytic converters-use of alternative fuels for emission control – National and International pollution standards

**ENGINE SERVICE:** Introduction, service details of engine cylinder head, valves and valve mechanism, piston-connecting rod assembly, cylinder block, crank shaft and main bearings, engine reassembly-precautions.

### **Text Books:**

1. Automotive Mechanics – Vol. 1 & Vol. 2 / Kirpal Singh/standard publishers
2. Automobile Engineering / William Crouse/TMH Distributors
3. Automobile Engineering/P.S Gill/S.K. Kataria & Sons/New Delhi.

### **References:**

1. Automotive Engines Theory and Servicing/James D. Halderman and Chase D. Mitchell Jr./ Pearson education inc.
2. Automotive Engineering / K Newton, W.Steeds & TK Garrett/SAE
3. Automotive Mechanics : Principles and Practices/ Joseph Heitner/Van Nostrand Reinhold
4. Automobile Engineering / C Srinivasan/McGrawHill

### **Course Outcomes:**

The student after undergoing the course, shall visualize the layout of an automobile and its systems like transmission, steering, suspension, braking, safety etc and should know the vehicle troubleshooting.

**THERMAL EQUIPMENT DESIGN****(ELECTIVE – III)****UNIT - I:**

**Classification of heat exchangers:** Introduction, Recuperation & Regeneration – Tubular heat exchangers: double pipe, shell & tube heat exchanger, Plate heat exchangers, Gasketed plate heat exchanger, spiral plate heat exchanger, Lamella heat exchanger, extended surface heat exchanger, Plate fin, and Tubular fin.

**UNIT - II:**

**Basic Design Methods of Heat Exchanger:** Introduction, Basic equations in design, Overall heat transfer coefficient – LMTD method for heat exchanger analysis – parallel flow, counter flow, multipass, cross flow heat exchanger design calculations.

**Double Pipe Heat Exchanger:** Film Coefficient for fluids in annulus, fouling factors, calorific temperature, average fluid temperature, the calculation of double pipe exchanger, Double pipe exchangers in series-parallel arrangements.

**UNIT - III:**

**Shell & Tube Heat Exchangers:** Tube layouts for exchangers, baffle Heat exchangers, calculation of shell and tube heat exchangers – shell side film coefficients, Shell side equivalent diameter, the true temperature difference in a 1-2 heat exchanger, influence of approach temperature on correction factor, shell side pressure drop, tube side pressure drop, Analysis of performance of 1-2 heat exchanger, and design calculation of shell & tube heat exchangers. Flow arrangements for increased heat recovery, the calculations of 2-4 exchangers.

**UNIT - IV:**

**Condensation of single vapors:** Calculation of a horizontal condenser, vertical condenser, De-super heater condenser, vertical condenser – sub-cooler, horizontal condenser – subcooler, vertical reflux type condenser, condensation of steam.

**UNIT – V:**

**Vaporizers, Evaporators and Reboilers:** Vaporizing processes, forced circulation vaporizing exchangers, natural circulation vaporizing exchangers, calculations of a reboiler.

**Extended Surfaces:** Longitudinal fins, weighted fin efficiency curve, calculation of a double pipe fin efficiency curve, calculation of a double pipe finned exchanger, calculation of a longitudinal fin shell and tube exchanger.

**UNIT - VI:**

**Direct Contact Heat Exchanger:** Cooling towers, relation between wet bulb & dew point temperatures, the Lewis number, and classification of cooling towers, cooling tower internals and the roll of fill, Heat balance, heat transfer by simultaneous diffusion and convection. Analysis of cooling tower requirements, Design of cooling towers, Determination of the number of diffusion units, calculation of cooling tower performance.

**Text Books:**

1. Process Heat Transfer – D.Q. Kern, TMH.
2. Cooling Towers by J.D. Gurney
3. Heat Exchanger Design – A.P.Fraas and M.N. Ozisick. John Wiely & sons, New York.

# NON - DESTRUCTIVE EVALUATION

## (ELECTIVE – III)

### Course Objectives

- The students are to be exposed to the concepts of various NDE techniques using radiography, ultrasonics, liquid penetrates, magnetic patches and Eddy currents
- They will learn basic principles of these methods and will be able to select a testing process
- They will understand the advantages and disadvantages of these techniques.

### UNIT – I

**Introduction to non-destructive testing:** Radiographic test, Sources of X and Gamma Rays and their interaction with Matter, Radiographic equipment, Radiographic Techniques, Safety Aspects of Industrial Radiography

### UNIT – II

**Ultrasonic test:** Principle of Wave Propagation, Reflection, Refraction, Diffraction, Mode Conversion and Attenuation, Sound Field, Piezo-electric Effect , Ultrasonic Transducers and their Characteristics, Ultrasonic Equipment and Variables Affecting Ultrasonic Test, Ultrasonic Testing, Interpretations and Guidelines for Acceptance, Rejection - Effectiveness and Limitations of Ultrasonic Testing.

### UNIT – III

**Liquid Penetrant Test:** Liquid Penetrant Test, Basic Concepts, Liquid Penetrant System, Test Procedure, Effectiveness and Limitations of Liquid Penetrant Testing,

**Eddy Current Test:** Principle of Eddy Current, Eddy Current Test System, Applications of Eddy Current Testing Effectiveness of Eddy Current Testing

### UNIT – IV

**Magnetic Particle Test:** Magnetic Materials, Magnetization of Materials , Demagnetization of Materials, Principle of Magnetic Particle Test, Magnetic Particle Test Equipment, Magnetic Particle Test Procedure, Standardization and Calibration, Interpretation and Evaluation, Effective Applications and Limitations of the Magnetic Particle Test

### UNIT – V

**Infrared And Thermal Testing:** Introduction and fundamentals to infrared and thermal testing–Heat transfer –Active and passive techniques –Lock in and pulse thermography–Contact and non contact thermal inspection methods–Heat sensitive paints –Heat sensitive papers –thermally quenched phosphors liquid crystals –techniques for applying liquid crystals –other temperature sensitive coatings –Inspection methods –Infrared radiation and infrared detectors–thermo mechanical behavior of materials–IR imaging in aerospace applications, electronic components, Honey comb and sandwich structures–Case studies.

### UNIT – VI

**Industrial Applications of NDE:** Span of NDE Activities Railways, Nuclear, Non-nuclear and Chemical Industries, Aircraft and Aerospace Industries, Automotive Industries, Offshore Gas and Petroleum Projects, Coal Mining Industry, NDE of pressure vessels, castings, welded constructions

**Text Books:**

1. Non destructive test and evaluation of Materials/J Prasad, GCK Nair/TMH Publishers
2. Ultrasonic testing of materials/ H Krautkramer/Springer
3. Non destructive testing/Warren, J Mc Gonnagle / Godan and Breach Science publishers
4. Nondestructive evaluation of materials by infrared thermography / X. P. V. Maldague, Springer-Verlag, 1<sup>st</sup> edition, (1993)

**References:**

1. Ultrasonic inspection training for NDT/ E. A. Gingel/Prometheus Press,
2. ASTM Standards, Vol 3.01, Metals and alloys
3. Non-destructive, Hand Book – R. Hamchand

**Course Outcomes**

1. Comprehensive, theory based understanding of the techniques and methods of non destructive testing
2. Apply methods knowledge of non destructive testing to evaluate products of railways, automobiles, aircrafts, chemical industries etc.

# QUALITY AND RELIABILITY ENGINEERING

## (ELECTIVE – III)

### Course objectives:

1. The aim of this course is to provide students with a basic understanding of the approaches and techniques to assess and improve process and/or product quality and reliability.
2. The objectives are to introduce the principles and techniques of Statistical Quality Control and their practical uses in product and/or process design and monitoring
3. To understand techniques of modern reliability engineering tools.

### UNIT-I

Quality value and engineering – quality systems – quality engineering in product design and production process – system design – parameter design – tolerance design, quality costs – quality improvement.

### UNIT-II

Statistical process control  $\bar{X}$ , R, p, c charts, other types of control charts, process capability, process capability analysis, process capability index. (SQC tables can be used in the examination)

### UNIT-III

Acceptance sampling by variables and attributes, design of sampling plans, single, double, sequential and continuous sampling plans, design of various sampling plans.

### UNIT-IV

Loss function, tolerance design – N type, L type, S type; determination of tolerance for these types. online quality control – variable characteristics, attribute characteristics, parameter design.

Quality function deployment – house of quality, QFD matrix, total quality management concepts. quality information systems, quality circles, introduction to ISO 9000 standards.

### UNIT-V

Reliability – Evaluation of design by tests - Hazard Models, Linear, Releigh, Weibull. Failure Data Analysis, reliability prediction based on weibull distribution, Reliability improvement.

### UNIT-VI

Complex system, reliability, reliability of series, parallel & standby systems & complex systems & reliability prediction and system effectiveness.

Maintainability, availability, economics of reliability engineering, replacement of items, maintenance costing and budgeting, reliability testing.



**Text Books:**

1. Quality Engineering in Production Systems / G Taguchi /McGraw Hill
2. Reliability Engineering/ E.Bala Guruswamy/Tata McGraw Hill,
3. Statistical Quality Control : A Modern Introduction/ Montgomery/Wiley

**References:**

1. Jurans Quality planning & Analysis/ Frank.M.Gryna Jr. / McGraw Hill.
2. Taguchi Techniques for Quality Engineering/ Philippos/ McGraw Hill,
3. Reliability Engineering / LS Srinath / Affiliated East West Pvt. Ltd.,
4. Statistical Process Control/ Eugene Grant, Richard Leavenworth / McGraw Hill.
5. Optimization & Variation Reduction in Quality / W.A. Taylor / Tata McGraw Hill
6. Quality and Performance Excellence/ James R Evans/ Cengage learning

**IV Year - II Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

**SEMINAR**

**IV Year - II Semester**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>10</b>

**PROJECT**